

## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

## **PREFACE**

The faculty of the Francis W. Parker School has undertaken to publish a Year Book. It is not intended to take the place of the school catalogue. Its function is entirely different, since it will not attempt to describe the work as a whole, but only such parts of it as seem to the faculty worthy of consideration as educational data. Each issue will emphasize one or more of the basic principles in education. In this first book the discussion of theory will be minimized, and almost all the space given to detailed descriptions of experiments which have been approved by the faculty. These examples are not, however, in any case considered to be perfect or model school activities. Many of them are necessarily incomplete. Whenever it seems useful, the struggles and mistakes involved in a piece of work are described quite as fully as the successful parts of it, since often it is in this way only that an experiment can be measured and judged at its true value.

It is fitting that the first book should strike the keynote upon which the work of the school is based; that it should demonstrate clearly the belief of the school that education is essentially a social process. Therefore, all the examples given in this issue describe activities vitalized by impelling social motives. organized and most effective social stimulus in the school is the Morning Exercise. It gives life and significance to much of the classroom work. It creates social unity and purpose. seem, therefore, that the first Year Book, if it is to emphasize especially the social aspects of the school life, should deal with the morning exercise. But it was decided by the faculty that if this feature of the school were treated adequately it would fill the entire space of the book, and it seemed better to make the first number more varied in character. The second number, however, will probably describe and illustrate typical morning exercises and such allied topics as school plays, festivals, and special day exercises. But whatever the contents of the book may be, there will be a sincere attempt on the part of the faculty to picture as vividly as possible groups of children engaged in an everyday process of growing in social usefulness.